

QUIZ #8 – Solutions
Each problem is worth 5 points

15 points total

1.

a)

$$\nabla f = -\frac{1}{2}(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-3/2}(2x\hat{\mathbf{i}} + 2y\hat{\mathbf{j}} + 2z\hat{\mathbf{k}}) = -(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-3/2}(x\hat{\mathbf{i}} + y\hat{\mathbf{j}} + z\hat{\mathbf{k}})$$

b)

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} = 2e^y + 0 - 2x^2y = 2(e^y - x^2y)$$

c)

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}} & \hat{\mathbf{j}} & \hat{\mathbf{k}} \\ \partial/\partial x & \partial/\partial y & \partial/\partial z \\ x^2z & 12xyz & 32y^2z^4 \end{vmatrix} = (64yz^4 - 12xy)\hat{\mathbf{i}} + x^2\hat{\mathbf{j}} + 12yz\hat{\mathbf{k}}$$

2.

With parametric equations $C: x = 1 + 2t, y = 2, z = -1 + 6t, 0 \leq t \leq 1$,

$$\begin{aligned} \int_C (x^2 + yz) ds &= \int_0^1 [(1 + 2t)^2 + 2(-1 + 6t)]\sqrt{2^2 + 0 + 6^2} dt \\ &= 2\sqrt{10} \left\{ \frac{1}{6}(1 + 2t)^3 + \frac{1}{6}(-1 + 6t)^2 \right\}_0^1 = \frac{50\sqrt{10}}{3} \end{aligned}$$

3.

Using x as parameter along the curve,

$$\int_C x dx + yz dy + x^2 dz = \int_{-1}^2 [x dx + xx^2 dx + x^2(2x dx)] = \int_{-1}^2 (x + 3x^3) dx = \left\{ \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{3x^4}{4} \right\}_{-1}^2 = \frac{51}{4}.$$